

<i>(6) Whether there are other existing or changing conditions affecting the use and development of the property that give supporting grounds for either approval or disapproval of the proposed rezoning.</i>	
Applicant:	The development is consistent with the existing transitional development in the neighborhood.
Staff:	Existing development trends in this immediate area has been favoring multi-family residential development.
<i>(7) Whether, and the extent to which, the proposed rezoning would result in significant adverse impacts on the natural environment.</i>	
Applicant:	None. All permitting and development requirements will be met.
Staff:	No adverse impact.
<i>(8) Whether the proposed change will constitute a grant of special privilege to the individual owner as contrasted with adjacent or nearby property owners or the general public.</i>	
Applicant:	No.
Staff:	No. The proposed rezoning would not be considered a grant of special privilege

Supplemental Standards of the LDR Applicable to the Proposed Use

Section 218-13 Supplemental Use Standards, (V) Dwelling, Multi-Family

- (1) Multi-family dwelling units shall not consist of more than 4 bedrooms.
- (2) Multi-family developments with more than 150 units must have access to a collector or arterial street as classified in the most recent GDOT Functional Classification System for the City of Valdosta.
- (3) Minimum building spacing. Buildings shall be separated by a minimum of 15 feet side to side, 40 feet front to back or front to front, and 25 feet back to back or back to side.
- (4) No building façade shall measure greater than 250 feet in length.
- (5) Architectural Standards for multi-family development:
 - (a) Building facades shall incorporate architectural modulations at intervals of no more than every 25 feet.
 - (b) Buildings must have pitched roofs with a minimum of 4:12 pitch.
 - (c) No exposed concrete masonry units may be used on exterior building walls.
 - (d) Preliminary architectural building elevations shall be submitted prior to approval of rezoning or building permit.
- (6) Streets and Circulation.
 - (a) Private streets may be permitted, provided such streets meet the standards of public streets as specified in Chapter 332, Article 1.
 - (b) Adequate provision is made for vehicular traffic to and from the premises and for vehicular traffic and pedestrian traffic to and from the proposed buildings, structures and parking areas on the premises; including firefighting and police equipment and personnel, ambulance service, garbage collection service, postal service, delivery service and other public and private services and individuals who would require access to the premises.
- (7) Open Space and Recreation: In residential zoning districts, multi-family residential developments with more than 50 dwelling units shall provide a minimum of 300 square feet of open space or outdoor recreation per dwelling unit.
- (8) Parking
 - (a) Parking areas shall be screened from view of public streets by buildings or by an evergreen hedge, solid fence, or wall not less than 4 feet in height.
 - (b) If parking is provided in covered garages or carports, such parking shall be within the principal building or in separate garages that are constructed of similar materials, roof slope, and design as the principal structure.
 - (c) Required parking for multi-family developments shall be provided off-street in small parking lots grouped in bays with no more than 100 parking spaces in a non-linear area. No off-street parking space shall be more than 200 feet, by the most direct route on the ground, from a ground floor exterior entrance of the dwelling unit it intends to serve.
 - (d) Parking areas with more than 25 parking spaces shall provide at least two points of access.